

Mao Tse Tung

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To be born in Asia and living in a traditional society, one would be normally protected by the clan of the village. Above all, if one comes from a comfortable section of the village in the economic sense, one would be viewed with respect.

This particular status grants a special person a noted position of how his highly regarded existence would be considered in the village.

Mao Tse Tung found himself in a similar place and position. His position was considered to be of middle economic status. This was clear in the sense that Mao grew in a confined economic protection, and this fact was helpful in Mao's educational status. Furthermore, conditions forced Mao to attain his education and work in the capital of China which was called Peking.

It was during the early part of the twentieth century in Peking where Mao heard about Communism.

While Mao was working at the Peking University library, where there were many communist teachers giving lectures on Communism. Furthermore, during that part of the twentieth century, rumours were proliferating within the Chinese society of something called the "Russian Revolution" headed by somebody called Lenin.

Mao was attracted to that revolution in spite of the huge differences between the "Russian Revolution" and the "Chinese Enclave", of which Mao was well aware.

When the Chinese Communist party, was created at the beginning of the movement, it had faced many difficulties from the Chinese nationals. The Chinese members of the Communist party followed the Russians of having a "Chinese Communist Party" based on the working class people. Mao, however, thought otherwise. He started a movement called "The Long March".

The "Long March" of the Communist party of China that Mao Tse Tung started with twenty two thousand members, ended up with only four thousands. The march went through mountains and rivers, and from there on, the Communist Party of China was inflated.

Throughout the years of Mao heading the Chinese Government Party, he met a man called Edgar Snow and the two men became very close friends. Edgar Snow was an American and their friendship grew until his death. Snow was buried by a pond, near a small river at the Peking University in China.

When Mao Tse Tung died many years later, he was not cremated like all past Chinese leaders. Mao lived like an Emperor and died likewise.